



S F S THE SCHOOL
FOR FIELD STUDIES

Tropical Coastal Ecology

SFS 3790

Syllabus
4 credits

The School for Field Studies (SFS)
Center for Tropical Island Biodiversity and Conservation Studies (CTIBCS)
Isla Colón, Bocas del Toro, Panama

This syllabus may develop or change over time based on local conditions, learning opportunities, and faculty expertise. Course content may vary from semester to semester.

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COURSE CONTENT SUBJECT TO CHANGE

Please note that this is a copy of a recent syllabus. A final syllabus will be provided to students on the first day of academic programming.

SFS programs are different from other travel or study abroad programs. Each iteration of a program is unique and often cannot be implemented exactly as planned for a variety of reasons. There are factors which, although monitored closely, are beyond our control. For example:

- Changes in access to or expiration or change in terms of permits to the highly regulated and sensitive environments in which we work;
- Changes in social/political conditions or tenuous weather situations/natural disasters may require changes to sites or plans, often with little notice;
- Some aspects of programs depend on the current faculty team as well as the goodwill and generosity of individuals, communities, and institutions which lend support.

Please be advised that these or other variables may require changes before or during the program. Part of the SFS experience is adapting to changing conditions and overcoming the obstacles that they may present. In other words, this is a field program, and the field can change.

Course Overview

Tropical Coastal Ecology (TCE) is a course that provides fundamental knowledge necessary to understand the main ecological processes and interactions in a fragile marine island ecosystem. Basic ecological principles are paired with field observation and measurement to understand the interdependencies of species, populations, communities and ecosystems in the coastal and marine environment, and with particular attention to the management of resources and environments.

Our studies will focus on the shallow marine and coastal environments of Bocas del Toro with an emphasis on coral reef, seagrass and mangrove habitats. We will study the biology, ecology and behavior of key species, including those that form habitats and those that are important resources to the people of Bocas del Toro through fisheries and tourism. Finally, we will consider the impact of anthropogenic disturbance and global climate change to the island ecosystem and organisms living there, as well as discuss possible management solutions.

We will cover the following topics this semester, some of which will be overarching themes for several classes and others that will be touched on more briefly:

- Species ID and taxonomy
- Mangrove and seagrass ecosystems
- Coral reef ecosystems
- Marine ecology and species interactions
- Marine protected areas
- Threats and impacts (fisheries, climate change, invasive species, plastics)
- Effects of tourism on local marine population

Learning Objectives

At the end of the course, students will:

1. Understanding the main ecological processes and interactions that occur in coastal island environments;
 2. Understand the biology and ecology of species important to the economy and coastal ecosystems of Bocas del Toro;
 3. Be able to identify key marine species by observation;
 4. Understand the importance of scientific information for the conservation of species and the management of marine protected areas;
 5. Comprehend and be able to choose the most appropriate techniques to collect and analyze data collected in coastal and marine environments;
 6. Identify threats to the coastal ecosystem of Bocas del Toro and develop and discuss solutions to these problems;
 7. Improve communication skills to both scientific and broader audiences through written assignments, oral presentations, and the creation of educational materials.
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Assessment

Assessment Item	Value (%)
Field Guide	15
Class Assignments	20
Technical Reports	15
Scientific Article	20
Participation and Conduct	10
Final Exam	20
TOTAL	100

Field Guide (15%)

Students will produce photographic field guides with pictures taken during four field trips (TCE 3, TCE 6, TCE7, TCE9). This is a group-assignment (4-5 students per group) but each student must contribute photographing and identifying 5 corals, 5 fishes, 3 seaweeds or seagrasses, and 3 sponges. Each picture must be labeled with: 1) the name of the identified organism and 2) the name of the student who identified it. Two students cannot get credit for the same picture, but they are allowed to contribute different pictures to the same organism; in these cases, both pictures must appear together in the report, associated to the same organism, but each showing the name of their corresponding student. Finally, one student cannot contribute more than one photo to the same organism.

Class assignments (20%)

During 4 lectures (TCE 12, TCE 15, TCE 18 and TCE 23), students will be given a series of questions/problems to solve during class.

Technical reports (15%)

Students will submit technical reports presenting observations or results for 3 field trips (TCE 10, TCE 16, TCE 25).

Scientific article (20%)

In order to gain experience with scientific writing, as well as think critically about the field work conducted as part of class, students will write detailed Results and Discussion portions of a field trip (TCE 13), following the format of the journal Marine Ecology Progress Series.

Participation and conduct (10%)

This grade will be based on: a) participation in class discussions and evidence of completing assigned readings and homework assignment; b) active participation during in-class workshops; c) timely and proper submission of data from field exercises; d) conduct and preparedness in the field; e) working well with group members during field work and in-class exercises; and f) returning equipment and field guides to the lab or proper campus location after each activity.

Final Exam (20%)

The final exam will comprise a written test that will require students to use their knowledge of coastal ecosystems covered in the course, as well as the assigned readings assigned and related discussions. The assignment will require students to think critically about issues in Bocas del Toro and use their skills in marine ecology to propose solutions or analyze ecological data provided during the test.

Grading Scheme

A	95.00 - 100.00%	B+	86.00 - 89.99%	C+	76.00 - 79.99%	D	60.00 - 69.99%
A-	90.00 - 94.99%	B	83.00 - 85.99%	C	73.00 - 75.99%	F	0.00 - 59.99%
		B-	80.00 - 82.99%	C-	70.00 - 72.99%		

General Reminders

Lectures & field briefings are held at the Center. It is mandatory to attend all lectures and briefings. PDFs of the lecture presentations will be provided to students via the Tropical Coastal Ecology course folder on the Student Folder of the Z drive. However, it is important to take notes in class in addition to the information provided in the PDFs.

Readings - Assigned readings will be available on the student server. It is important that you read all materials before class so that we are able to have engaging class discussions and keep the topics and material reviewed in this course at a high caliber. Supplemental readings are not mandatory but are recommended to expand your knowledge. Additional reading may be needed to complete some of the course assignments.

Plagiarism and Cheating - Using ideas and materials of others without giving due credit is cheating and will not be tolerated. A grade of zero will be earned when anyone is caught cheating, plagiarizing, or aiding another person to cheat, either actively or passively (e.g., allowing someone to look at your exam or your written assignment for the purposes of copying content). Unless specifically stated otherwise, all assignments should be individual pieces of work.

Appropriate use of technology - Students may use laptops during class for class purpose only; however, please do not abuse this privilege. There should be no phone use during class.

Participation - Students are expected to attend every class and participate fully in all class discussions and field exercises, as well as complete all assignments on time. Students will be graded on their participation as well as conduct in the field.

Deadlines – Deadlines for assignments are instated for several reasons: they are a part of working life to which students need to become accustomed and promote equity among students. Deadlines allow faculty ample time to review and return assignments before others are due. **Late assignments will incur a 10% penalty for each day that they are late.** No assignment will be accepted after three days.

Snorkeling – Before each field exercise, please ensure that you and your snorkel buddy have all the required field equipment (dive slates or waterproof notebooks, pencils, transects, dive weights, etc.) and that your dive slate or notebook has been set up to collect data in the field. **You are responsible for bringing your equipment to the field and back to the Center**, rinsing it with fresh water upon return, and storing it safely.

Gear required for every snorkel:

- Mask, Snorkel, Fins
- Waterproof notebook or dive slate and pencil
- Full water bottle
- Long sleeve rash guard/shirt (required on all snorkels)
- Dry bag
- Rain jacket (It can be very cold on the ride home)
- Life vest
- Waterproof camera (if you have one)
- Towel / snack (optional)

Course Content

Type- L: Lecture, **FL:** Field Lecture, **W:** Workshop, **FEX:** Field Exercise, **T:** Test, **G:** Guest Lecture

<i>Code</i>	<i>Lecture Title and Description</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Readings</i>
TCE 01	Course Introduction Course overview & introduction to assignments and expectations.	L	1.0	
TCE 02	Defining our field What is tropical? What is coastal? What is ecology?	L	1.0	
TCE 03	Open Water Test Field Exercise: students photograph five corals and five fishes to identify them later.	L; FEX	3.5	
TCE 04	Marine Zoology: Common Species ID The tree of animal life, identification of Caribbean corals and fishes.	L; W	1.5	Field Guide: Humann and Deloach (2002)
TCE 05	Phanerogam-Based Ecosystems: Mangrove Forests & Seagrass Meadows	L	1.0	Araujo (2018)
TCE 06	Marine Invertebrate ID Identification of echinoderms, crustaceans, polychaetas, and other marine invertebrates of Bocas del Toro. Students observe and photograph non-sessile marine invertebrates to identify them later.	FEX	3.0	
TCE 07	Marine Phycology: Seaweeds The botanic tree of life and functional groups and identification of Caribbean seaweeds. Field Exercise: students collect seaweeds to identify them in the lab.	L; FEX	2.0	PDF Field Guides to Common Marine Algae of the Bocas del Toro Area
TCE 08	Identification of organisms in the lab Students identify species photographed and collected during all the field trips and produce Field Guides.	W	1.5	Field Guide: Humann and Deloach (2002)
TCE 09	Mangrove Forest & Seagrass Meadows Field Exercise: students photograph three sponges and three seagrass species to identify them later and add them to their Field Guides.	FEX	3.0	
TCE 10	Surveying coral reef in an MPA Students observe the zones of a coral reef, write observations on their flora and fauna, and propose methods to quantify them.	FEX	2.0	
TCE 11	Coral Reefs: function & health	L; W	1.0	Lirman & Maté (2018)
TCE 12	Measuring and quantifying marine biodiversity Students learn multiple indices of biodiversity and how to use them. Students learn to survey marine organisms with quadrats and transects, practicing in classroom and analyzing images of photo-quadrats.	L; W	2.0	Hill and Wilkinson (2004) Obura (2019)

TCE 13	Benthic Survey Benthic organisms are surveyed with transects and quadrats.	FEX	3.5	
TCE 14	Common Patterns in Biodiversity and Biogeography	L	1.5	Cramer (2013) Cramer (2012)
TCE 15	Physical Oceanography Coriolis effect, Eckman spiral, wind patterns, surface currents, thermohaline circulation, El Niño, and how they affect the Bocas Archipelago. Workshop: Students watch videos about various oceanographic topics and analyze oceanographic maps to solve a series of questions given by the instructor.	L; W	1.5	
TCE 16	Reef Fish Survey Fishes are surveyed with the stationary point count method.	FEX	3.5	
TCE 17	MPA Design Theory and Workshop Students reflect on the ecological and socio-economic factors, levels of protection, the history and efficacy of the Isla Bastimentos National Marine Park. Students perform a thought-experiment where they re-design the Bastimentos National Marine Park.	L; W	2.0	Guerron-Montero (2005)
TCE 18	Formation of the Panama Isthmus and its effect on the ecology of the region.	L	1.0	O'Dea et al. (2016)
TCE 19	Turtle conservation efforts in Bocas del Toro	G	1.0	
TCE 20	Visit to Caribbean Coral Restoration Learn methods used in creating artificial reefs and fragmentation and growing of corals; snorkel the artificial reefs and coral nursery to observe firsthand	G; FEX	3.0	
TCE 21	Disturbance, pollution & climate change	L	2.0	Ripple et al. (2017) Seeman et al. (2013)
TCE 22	Methods in Beach Mapping & Monitoring Coastal Erosion Map the beach near SFS as part of a long-term monitoring project monitoring coastal erosion.	FEX	3.0	
TCE 23	Competitive inhibition of corals Students discuss two scientific papers and answer a series of questions given by the instructor as a group activity.	L; W	1.5	McCook et al. (2001) Birrell et al. (2008)
TCE 24	Primary & secondary production	L	1.5	Mumby et al. (2004) CARICOMP (2001)
TCE 25	Primary Production Survey of Seagrasses (Part I) Students mark all the sea grasses in a quadrat so that their production can be measured a week later.	FEX	3.0	

TCE 26	Review Students re-visit key material taught in this course to prepare for their final exam.	W	2.0	
TCE 27	Primary Production Survey of Seagrasses (Part II) Students collect seagrasses marked during a previous field trip and measure their production.	FEX	3.0	
TCE 28	Final Exam	T	2.0	
	Total contact hours		57.5	

Reading List

1. Araujo (2018) Mangrove forests of Bocas del Toro and the Ngöbe-Buglé comarca, Panama: structural description and comparison to neotropical forests. In: Suman & Spalding (eds) Coastal resources of Bocas del Toro, Panama: tourism and development pressures and the quest for sustainability.
2. Birrell et al. (2008) Effects of benthic algae on the replenishment of corals and the implications for the resilience of coral reefs
3. CARICOMP (2001) CARICOMP methods manual. Levels 1 and 2. Manual of methods for mapping and monitoring of physical and biological parameters in the coastal zone of the Caribbean. 91pp.
4. Coral Disease Handbook
5. Cramer (2012) Anthropogenic mortality on coral reefs in Caribbean Panama predates coral disease and bleaching.
6. Cramer (2013) History of human occupation and environmental change in Western and Central Caribbean Panama (subsection)
7. Field Guide to Common Marine Algae of the Bocas del Toro Area - I and II (PDF guides)
8. Guerron-Montero (2005). Marine Protected Areas in Panama: Grassroots activism and advocacy.
9. Hill and Wilkinson (2004).
10. Humann and Deloach (2002). Field Guide: Caribbean Coral Identification
11. Humann and Deloach (2002). Field Guide: Caribbean Creature Identification
12. Humann and Deloach (2002). Field Guide: Caribbean Fish Identification
13. Lirman & Maté (2018) Status of coastal habitats of Bocas del Toro, Panama: coral reefs and seagrass meadows. In: Suman & Spalding (eds) Coastal resources of Bocas del Toro, Panama: tourism and development pressures and the quest for sustainability.
14. McCook et al. (2001) Competition between corals and algae on coral reefs: a review of evidence and mechanisms
15. Mumby et al. (2004) Mangroves enhance biomass of coral reef fish communities in the Caribbean.
16. O’Dea et al. 2016
17. Obura (2019)
18. Ripple et al. (2017) World Scientists’ Warning to Humanity: A Second Notice
19. Seeman et al. (2013) Assessing the ecological effects of human impacts on coral reefs in Bocas del Toro, Panama.